

Learning intentions	Success criteria	RULES:	
To understand the mechanics of passing a football	To be able to pass over various distances	Small sided gar No offside No throw in, bo	
To understand the correct technique of dribbling a football.	To be able to control the ball under pressure	resume play Fouls awarded No slide tacklin Handball result	
To understand the process of taking a shot in football.	To shoot with consistent accuracy	Kit	
Skills		St Ivo Jersey Black Shorts	
Passing	<ul> <li>Inside of foot</li> <li>Head over the ball</li> <li>Follow through</li> <li>Arms out to balance</li> </ul>	St Ivo socks Shin pads Football boots	
Dribbling	<ul> <li>Eyes on the ball</li> <li>Lots of touches</li> <li>Various parts of foot</li> <li>Use of both feet</li> </ul>	Areas of streng  Evaluate own p	
Shooting	<ul> <li>Strike the middle of ball using laces</li> <li>Prepped body position</li> <li>Aim for corners</li> </ul>	Anatomy and partial are used, without are used, without a strochemius, quadriceps.	

# mall sided games: lo offside lo throw in, ball is kicked in field to esume play lo slide tackling andball results in free kick

# ouls awarded due to excessive contact

**KEY WORDS** 

Agility – Ability to change direction at speed

Coordination – Using two or more body parts at one time

Attack – working as a team, moving forward to the opponents goal

Defence – preventing the opposition moving towards your goal

Possession – ability to retain ownership of the ball with your team

### TRETCH AND CHALLENGE

reas of strength / weaknesses

valuate own performance

### INKS TO WIDER CURRICULUM

natomy and physiology: name the nain bones and muscles within the legs nat are used, when passing a ootball. Femur, tibia, fibula, patella, astrocnemius, hamstring and uadriceps.





Learning intentions	Success criteria	RULES:	K
To understand the technique of a standing tackle	To be able to regain possession from an opponent without committing a foul	Introduction to offside rule Throw in awarded when ball exits pitch	A S
To perform more advanced style of passing	To be able to cross the ball into a attacking area	Fouls awarded due to excessive contact No slide tackling Handball results in free kick  Kit	
Retaining possession during small sided games	To be able to collectively work as a team to retain possession	St Ivo Jersey Black Shorts St Ivo socks	tl C
Skills		Shin pads Football boots	T
Standing Tackle	<ul> <li>Jockey player</li> <li>On balls of feet</li> <li>Move player onto weak foot</li> <li>Contact with ball, not player</li> </ul>		re
Crossing	o Plant weaker foot	Evaluate own performance	
	next to ball  o Lean backwards  o Arms to balance  o Hit with inside of foot	LINKS TO WIDER CURRICULUM  Anatomy and physiology: name the bones and muscles within the arms for throw ins.	
Retaining Possession	<ul><li>Seek and identify space</li><li>Decision Making</li></ul>	Ulna, Radius, Humerus, Bicep and Triceps	

### KEY WORDS

Agility – Ability to change direction at speed

Coordination – Using two or more body parts at one time

Possession – ability to retain ownership of the ball with your team

Cross – Lofted pass into an attacking area

Tacking – An attempt by a player to regain possession





Learning intentions	Success criteria	RULES:	KEY
To understand Positional awareness within different game situations	To be able to justify movement and positioning during a game	Small sided games: Introduction to offside rule Throw in awarded when ball exits pitch Fouls awarded due to excessive contact	Car me pro
To explore a range of Tactics in both attack and defence	To apply different tactics during small sided games	No slide tackling Handball results in free kick  Kit	Pov
To critique own performance to make improvements on these skills	To make recommendations on how to improve own performance	St Ivo Jersey Black Shorts St Ivo socks	join Spe dist
Skills		Shin pads Football boots	
Positional skills	<ul> <li>Different skills         relating to         different positions         on the pitch</li> <li>What to do with         or without         possession</li> </ul>	STRETCH AND CHALLENGE  Areas of strength / weaknesses  Evaluate own performance	
Tactical	<ul> <li>The principles of attack and defence</li> </ul>	LINKS TO WIDER CURRICULUM  Components of fitness: Cardiovascular endurance, power, speed, strength and	
Personal	<ul> <li>How to improve on the core basic skills: Dribbling, Passing and tackling</li> </ul>	Greater focus on content which relates to GCSE PE	

## KEY WORDS

Cardiovascular fitness – Bodies ability to meet the demands of the sport for a prolonged period of time

Power – Strength x Speed

Flexibility – The range of movement at a joint

Speed – The time taken to cover a set distance

