Ethics, Philosophy and Theology

Year 9 Knowledge Organisers

Term 1: Why is religion so diverse?



















Topics Covered

- Why are religions so diverse?
- What is diversity? Why is it important?
- What is discrimination? Why is it wrong?
- What is prejudice?
- What do the Dharmic faiths say about Discrimination?
- What do the Abrahamic faiths say about Discrimination?
- How did the British Empire affect Hinduism and the Caste System?
- Key figures who stood up against
 Discrimination and injustice:
 Jesus, Amos, Guru Nanak, Buddha, Gandhi,
 BR Ambedkar, Sanjoy Chakravorty, Martin Luther King,

Tips to Stop Discrimination

- Be proud of who you are
- Be assertive when it's safe to do so
- Discrimination is not okay and that it is against the law
- Don't deal with it alone there are others who can support you (Friends, parents, online help, teachers)
- Talk positively about other cultures or groups
- Avoid retaliation or displays of aggression instead report WRONG behaviour
- Challenge stereotypes
- Be Brave

Useful Links:

UNITY: Anti-Discrimination Video - YouTube

<u>Don't Put People in Boxes - YouTube</u>

Anti-Racism Educator Jane Elliott: 'There's Only
One Race. The Human Race' | NBC BLK | NBC News
- YouTube

<u>The Life of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. - MLK Day!</u>
(Animated) Black History Month Video - YouTube

Kids' Guide to Mahatma Gandhi - YouTube

What is Sikhism? | Religious Studies – My Life, My Religion: Sikhism - YouTube

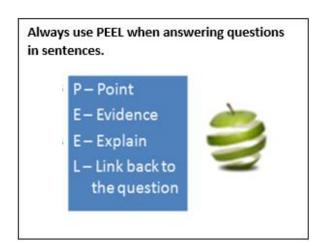
<u>Is India's Caste System Still Alive? - YouTube</u>

Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Life Story in English |
Father of the Indian Constitution | Ambedkar
Jayanti - YouTube

Keyword	Definition	
Ageism	Discrimination against someone because of their age	
Ahimsa	Hindu belief in 'do no harm'	
Assassination	Murder	
Black supremacy	Belief that black people are better than other races	
Boycott	Not using goods or services of a company or country to make a point and force a change in law or practice	
Discrimination	Treating someone unfairly because of the way they are, e.g., colour, disability, etc.	
Diversity	Differences in people – to be celebrated	
Equal	Having the same status and being treated the same as other people	
Gandhi	Civil rights leader who fought for equality for Indian people in India	
Homophobia	Discrimination against people who are homosexual	
Islamophobia	Discrimination against Muslims because of their religion	
Justice:	Fairness. concept on ethics and law that means that people behave in a way that is fair, equal and balanced for everyone	
Karma:	Sanskrit word which means deed, work or action. It mainly means that the actions or intent of an individual will determine his	
	or her future, and is the spiritual principle of cause and effect.	
Martin Luther King Jr	Baptist minister and civil rights leader who fought for equality for black people in America	
Monists	That there is one real substance in the world and that is the divine	
Multiculturalism	A situation in which all the different cultural, religious or racial groups in a society have equal rights and opportunities,	
	and none is ignored or regarded as unimportant.	
Pantheistic:	The belief that God consists of everyone and everything. For example, a tree is God, a mountain is God, the universe is God, all people are God	
Pluralistic:	Accepting that all religions are equal, valid, and	
Polytheistic	Believes in many Gods	
Positive	Discrimination against someone to give them more than other people, e.g., Metropolitan Police actively recruiting black, Asian	
discrimination	and female people	
Prejudice	Literally, pre-judging someone on the way they look or act	
Racism	Discrimination against people because of their colour or race	
Righteousness	Doing what is right in the sight of God	
Sanatana Dharma:	Eternal duty	
Satyahtaha	Hindu belief in peaceful civil disobedience, e.g., sit-ins	
Segregation	Keeping certain people separated usually due to their colour, race, etc	
Shalom	Means peace in Hebrew.	

Help with Answering Questions

Here are tips to help you write answer to your questions.



Challenge yourself. Practice questions.

- 1. Why is Discrimination wrong?
- 2. Explain what Ahimsa is and how Gandhi used it to fight discrimination.
- 3. Explain how the British Raj changed Hinduism
- 4. Outline the ways in which Martin Luther King fought against segregation.
- 5. Explain how Jesus showed a different way to treat people
- 6. Evaluate the different methods of fighting prejudice we have looked at.

Command Word	Meaning
Assess	Make a judgement using reasons
Compare	Identify similarities and Differences
Complete	Finish the task
Describe	Give a detailed account in words
Discuss	Present key points about different ideas or strengths and weaknesses
Evaluate	You need to consider different views and come to a judgement
Explain	You need to identify relevant points and show your understanding of them
Give/state/name	Recall knowledge, e.g. two examples/types/ways of something
Identify	Name or state something clearly
Outline	Set out main points
State	Express in clear terms
Suggest	Present a possible case
To what extent?	Judge the importance or success of a strategy, scheme or project

